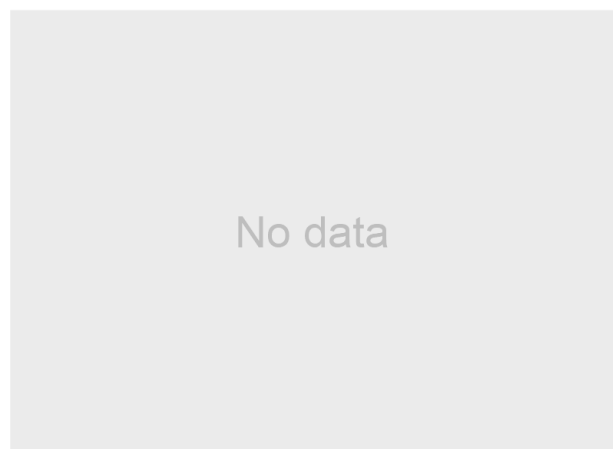


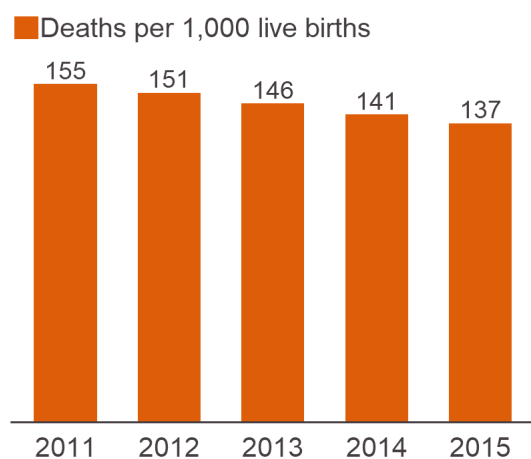
ECONOMICS AND DEMOGRAPHY

Poverty rates and GDP



Source: World Bank 2017.
Note: pop: population; PPP: purchasing power parity.

Under-5 mortality rate



Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2015.

Income inequality

Gini index score*	Gini index rank**	Year
NA	NA	NA

Source: World Bank 2017.
Notes: *0 = perfect equality, **100 = perfect inequality. The countries with a Gini index are ranked from most equal (1) to most unequal (152).

Population

Population (thousands)	14,743	2017
Under-5 population (thousands)	2,686	2017
Urban (%)	41	2017
>65 years (%)	3	2017

Source: 2017 projections from UN Population Division 2017.

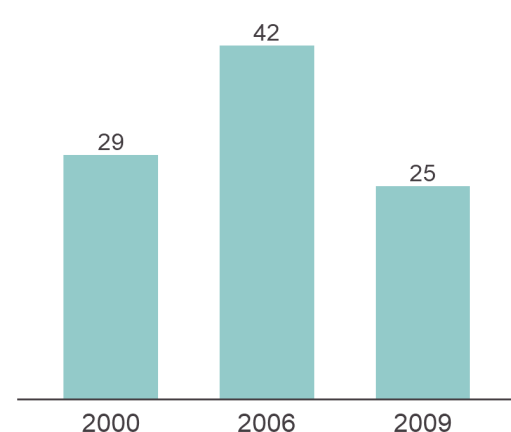
CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

Child anthropometry

Number of children under 5 affected (thousands)		
Stunting ¹	450	2009
Wasting ¹	267	2009
Overweight ¹	53	2009
% of children under 5 affected		
Wasting ¹	15	2009
Severe wasting ¹	5	2009
Overweight ¹	3	2009
Low birth weight ²	NA	NA

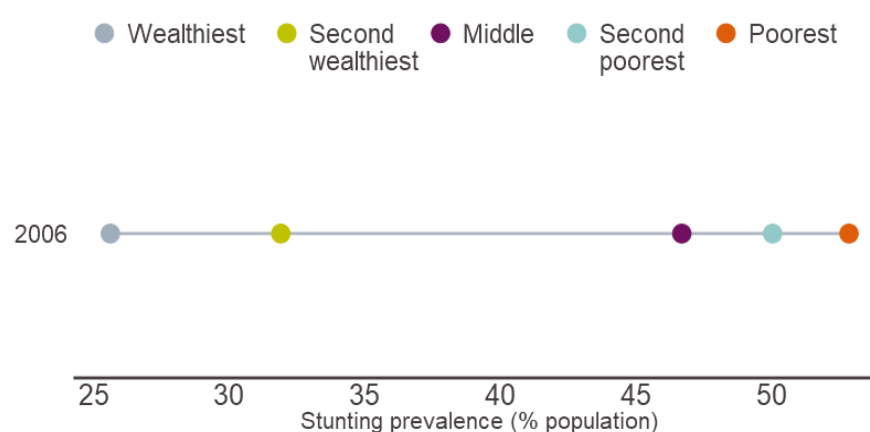
Source: WHO/World Bank Group Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates 2017;¹ UNICEF 2015.²

Prevalence of stunting among children under 5 (%)



Source: WHO/World Bank Group Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates 2017.

Changes in stunting prevalence over time, by wealth quintile



Source: DHS surveys 1990–2011 adapted from Bredenkamp et al. 2014.

ADOLESCENT AND ADULT NUTRITION STATUS

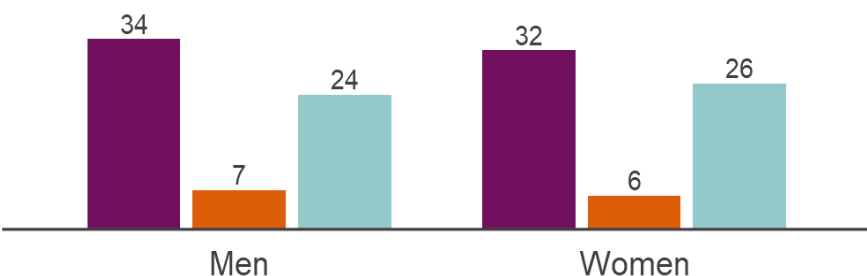
Adolescent and adult anthropometry (% population)

Adolescent overweight ¹	NA	NA
Adolescent obesity ¹	NA	NA
Women of reproductive age, thinness ²	NA	NA
Women of reproductive age, short stature ²	NA	NA

Source: WHO 2015;¹ DHS 2017.²
Note: NA: not available.

Metabolic risk factors for diet-related non-communicable diseases (%)

■ Raised blood pressure (%), 2015 ■ Raised blood glucose (%), 2014 ■ Raised blood cholesterol (%), 2008



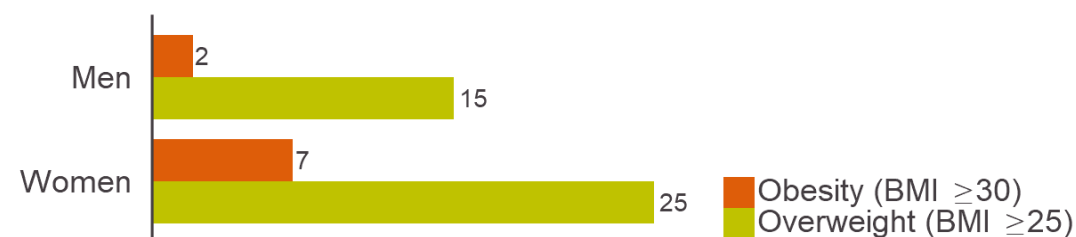
Source: WHO 2017 and NCD Risk Factor Collaboration 2017.

Micronutrient status of population

Women of reproductive age with anaemia ¹		
Total population affected (thousands of people)	1,098	2016
Total population affected (%)	44	2016
Vitamin A deficiency in children 6–59 months old (%) ²	60	2013
Population classification of iodine nutrition (age group 5–19 years old) ³	NA	NA

Source: WHO 2017;¹ Stevens et al. 2015;² WHO 2004.³

Prevalence of adult overweight and obesity (%), 2014



Source: WHO 2017 and NCD Risk Factor Collaboration 2017.
Note: BMI: body mass index.

PROGRESS AGAINST GLOBAL NUTRITION TARGETS 2017

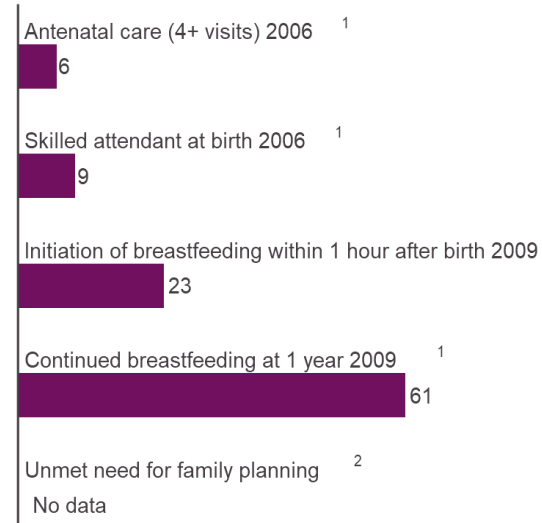
Under-5 stunting	Under-5 wasting	Under-5 overweight	WRA anaemia	EBF
NA	NA	NA	No progress or worsening	NA
Adult female obesity	Adult male obesity	Adult female diabetes	Adult male diabetes	
Off course	Off course	Off course	Off course	

Source: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates 2017, WHO 2017, Stevens GA et al 2013, and NCD Risk Factor Collaboration 2017.
Notes: Some targets are excluded from analysis as data needs further strengthening or methodological work before it can be used, these are: low birth weight, adolescent obesity, hypertension and salt intake. See Global Nutrition Report 2017, Appendix 1 for more information. EBF: exclusive breastfeeding; NA: not available; WRA: women of reproductive age.

Somalia

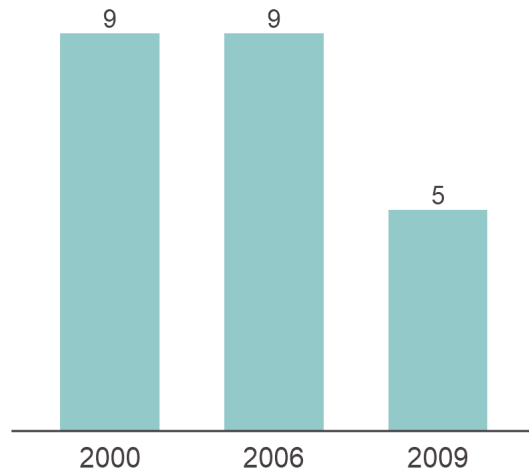
INTERVENTION COVERAGE AND CHILD-FEEDING PRACTICES

Continuum of care (%)



Source: UNICEF 2016;¹ UN Population Division 2017.²

Rate of exclusive breastfeeding of infants under 6 months (%)



Source: UNICEF 2016.

Intervention coverage (%)

Severe acute malnutrition, geographic coverage ¹	NA	2012
Vitamin A supplementation, full coverage ²	30	2014
Children under 5 with diarrhoea receiving ORS ²	13	2006
Immunisation coverage, DTP3 ³	42	2016
Iodised salt consumption ²	4	2009

Source: UNICEF/Coverage Monitoring Network/ACF International 2012;¹ UNICEF 2016;² WHO 2016.³ Note: Geographical coverage is defined as the % of physical facilities that provide intervention. Full coverage is defined as the % of children that receive the full intervention (two doses). DTP3: 3 doses of combined diphtheria/tetanus/pertussis vaccine; ORS: oral rehydration salts.

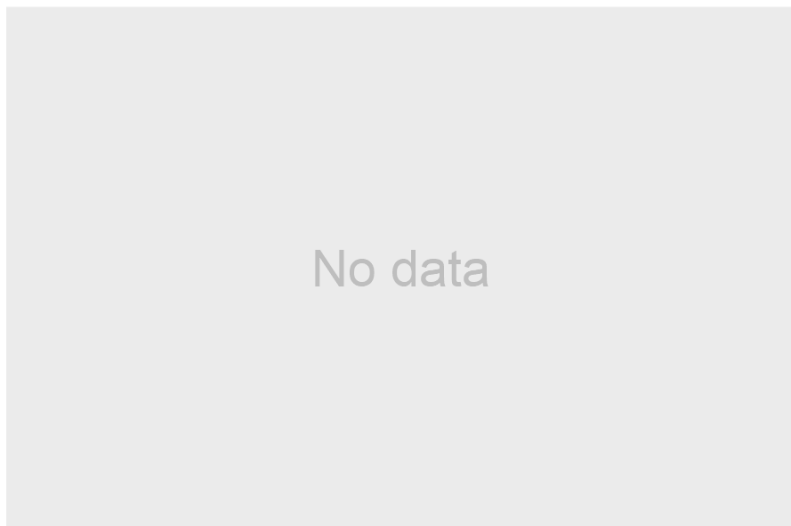
Infant and young child (6–23 months) feeding practices (%)

Minimum acceptable diet	NA	NA
Minimum dietary diversity	NA	NA

Source: UNICEF 2016.

UNDERLYING DETERMINANTS

Food supply



Source: FAOSTAT 2015;¹ FAOSTAT 2014.²

Gender-related determinants

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) ¹	NA	NA
Gender Inequality Index (score*) ²	NA	2015
Gender Inequality Index (country rank) ²	NA	2015

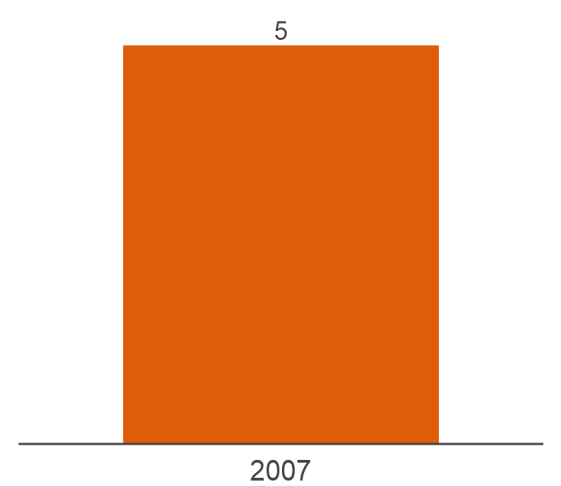
Source: UNICEF 2016;¹ UNDP 2016.²
Note: *0: low inequality, 1: high inequality.

Population density of health workers per 1,000 people

Physicians	0.03	2014
Nurses and midwives	0.08	2014
Community health workers	NA	NA

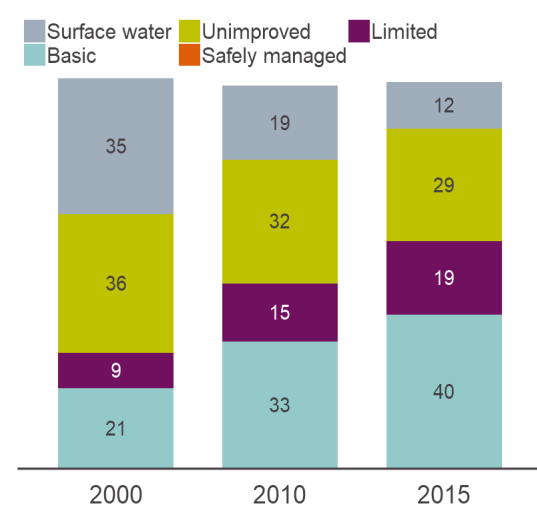
Source: WHO 2017.

Female secondary education enrolment (% population)



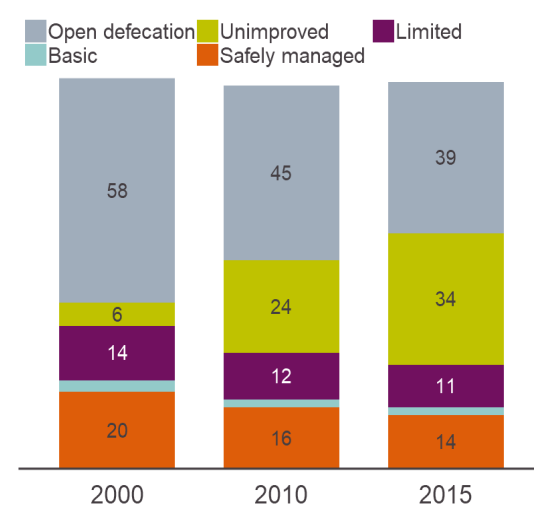
Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2017.
Note: Enrolment can be larger than 100% when women/girls enrolled exceeds the secondary school age group.

Drinking water coverage (% population)



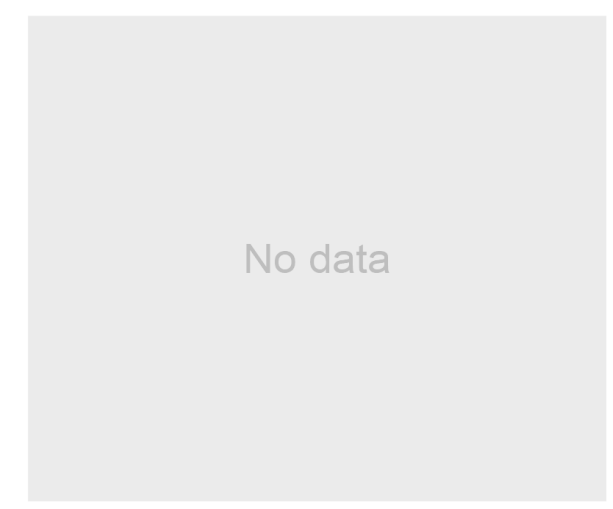
Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017.
Note: Due to rounding, numbers might not add up to 100.

Sanitation coverage (% population)



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017.
Note: Due to rounding, numbers might not add up to 100.

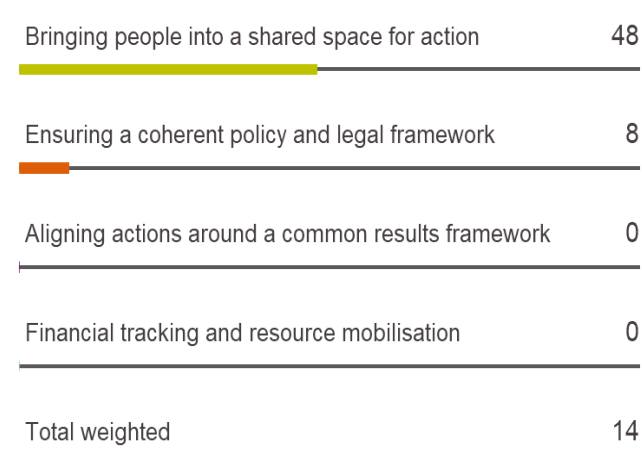
Government expenditures (% total)



Source: IFPRI 2015.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND POLICY, LEGISLATION, AND INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

Scaling Up Nutrition (SUN) country institutional transformations (%), 2017



Source: SUN 2017.

Policy and legislative provisions

National implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes ¹	No legal measures	2016
Extent of constitutional right to food ²	NA	2003
Maternity Protection Convention 183 ³	Full protections	2011
Wheat fortification legislation ⁴	No Fortification	2015
Undernutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies ⁵	56	2012–2016
Overnutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies ⁵	116	2012–2016

Source: WHO/UNICEF and IBFAN 2016;¹ FAO 2003;² ILO 2013;³ FFI 2015;⁴ IDS 2015.⁵

Availability and stage of implementation of guidelines/protocols/standards for the management of NCDs

All major NCDs	Unavailable	2015
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Source: WHO 2015.
Note: NCDs: non-communicable diseases.