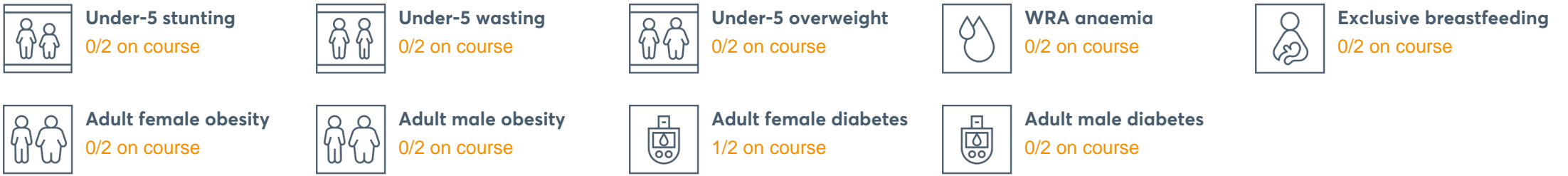


# N. America

## Overview

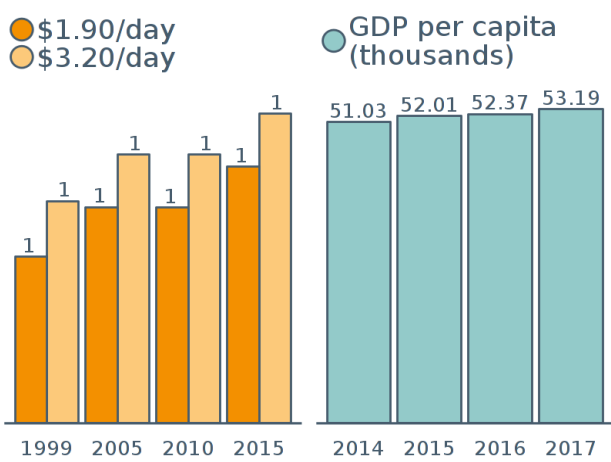
### Progress against global nutrition targets 2018



Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF global databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory.  
Notes: The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates. See Appendix 1 of the 2018 Global Nutrition Report for details of the methods and sources used to assess progress towards global nutrition targets.

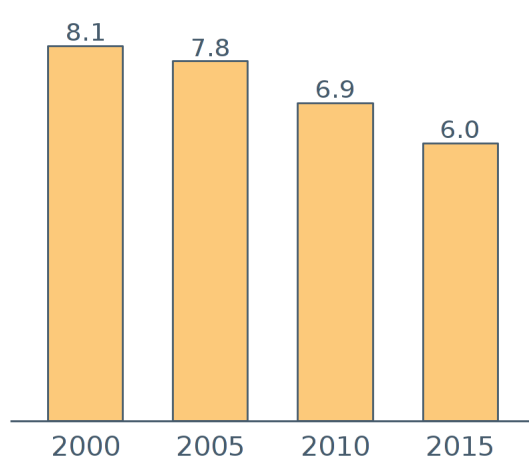
## Economics and demography

### Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)



Source: World Bank 2018.  
Note: GDP = gross domestic product. PPP = purchasing power parity. n = 2 (poverty); n = 2 (GDP).

### Under-5 mortality (per 000 live births)



Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

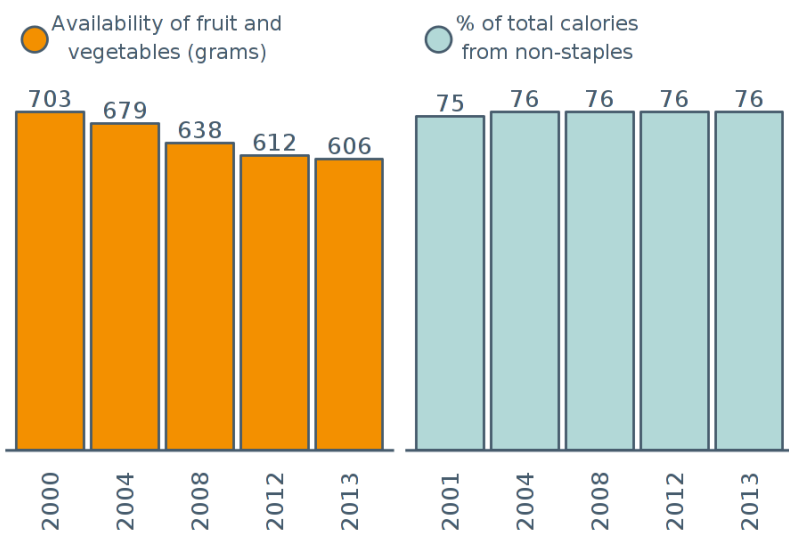
### Population

|                               |     |      |
|-------------------------------|-----|------|
| Population (millions)         | 361 | 2017 |
| Under-5 population (millions) | 22  | 2018 |
| Rural (%)                     | 18  | 2017 |
| ≥65 years (millions)          | 58  | 2018 |

Source: UN Population Division 2017.  
Note: n = 2 (total); n = 2 (under-5); n = 2 (rural); n = 2 (over 65)

## Underlying determinants

### Food supply



Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

### Gender-related determinants

| Indicator                                | 2016 | 2017 |
|--|------|------|
| Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) | NA   | NA   |

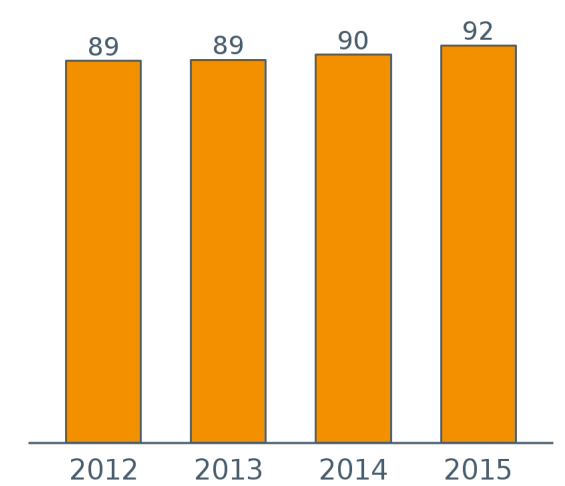
Source: UNICEF 2018.  
Note: n = NA.

### Population density of health workers per 1,000 people

|                          |      |      |
|--------------------------|------|------|
| Physicians               | 2.57 | 2016 |
| Nurses and midwives      | 9.88 | 2016 |
| Community health workers | NA   | NA   |

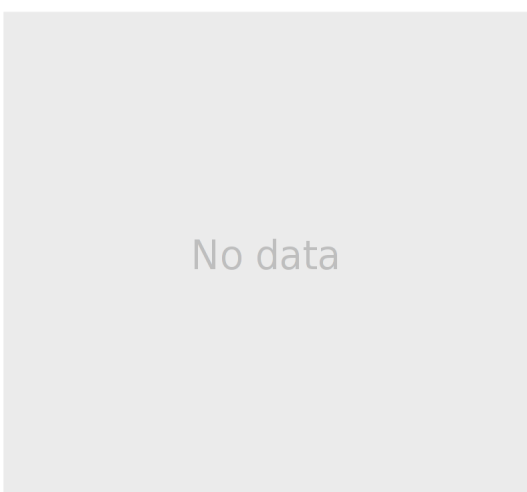
Source: WHO's Global Health Workforce Statistics, OECD, supplemented by country data. n = 2

### Female secondary education enrolment (net, % population)



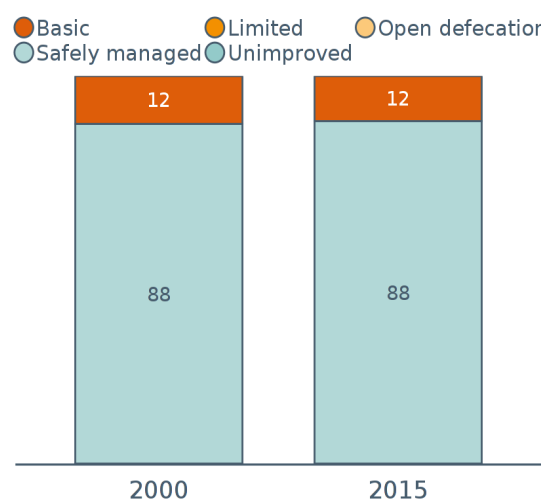
Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018. n = 2

### Drinking water coverage (% population)



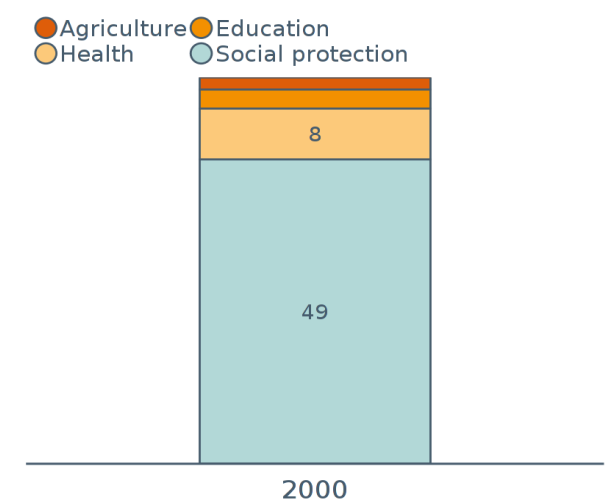
Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017. n = 2

### Sanitation coverage (% population)



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017.  
Note: n = 2

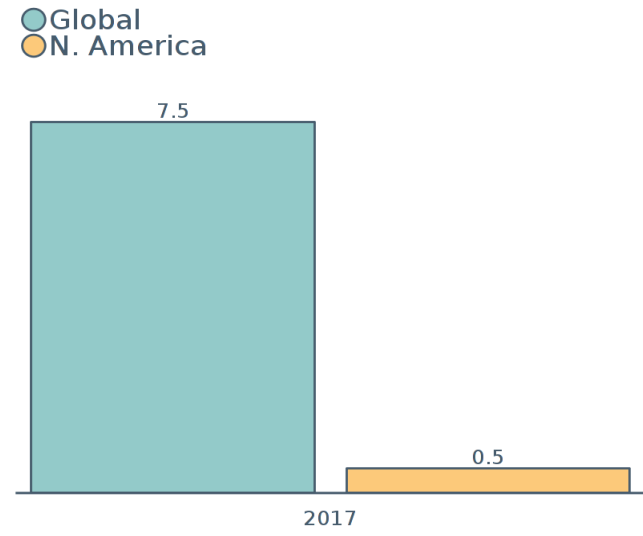
### Government expenditures (% total)



Source: IFPRI 2015. n = 2

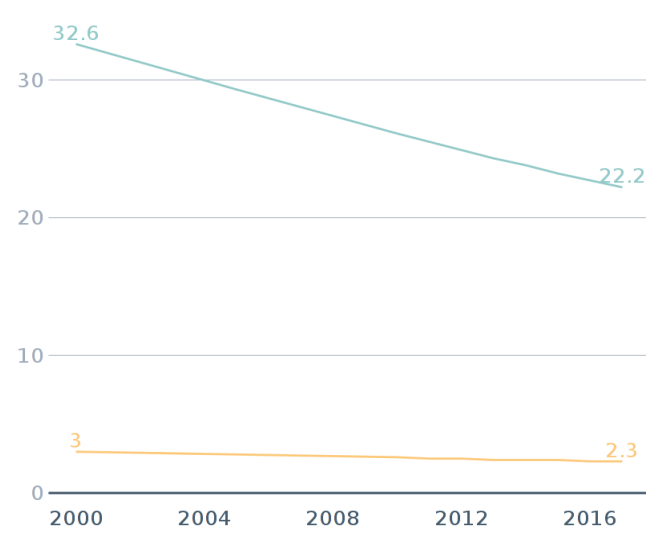
## Children (under 5) nutrition status

### Under 5: wasting (%)



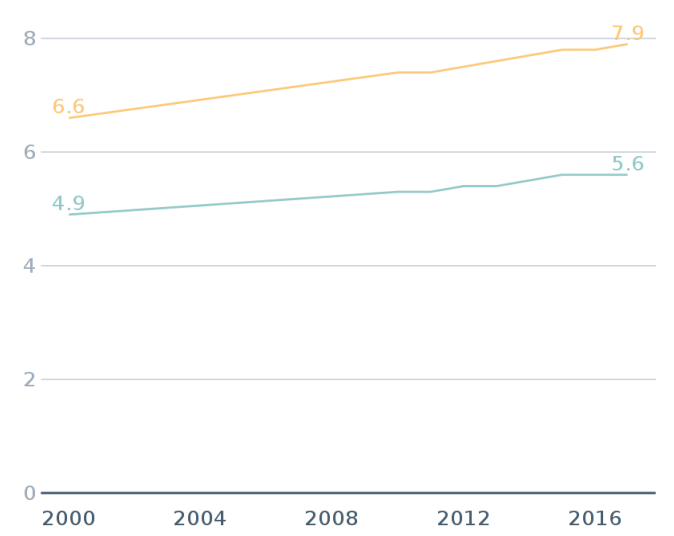
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.

### Under 5: stunting (%)



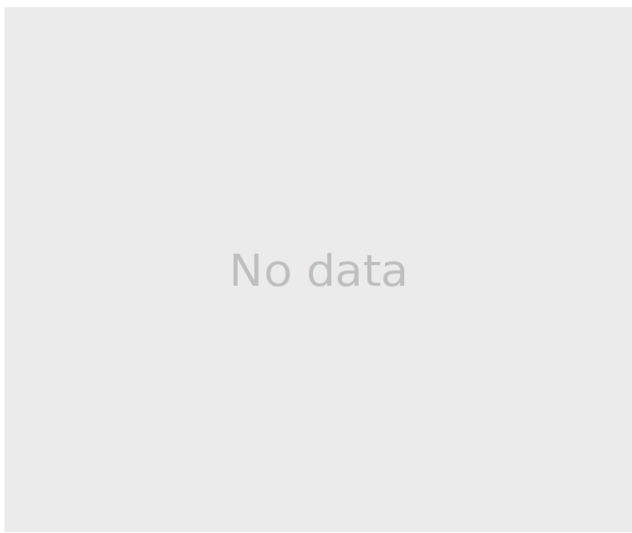
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.

### Under 5: overweight (%)



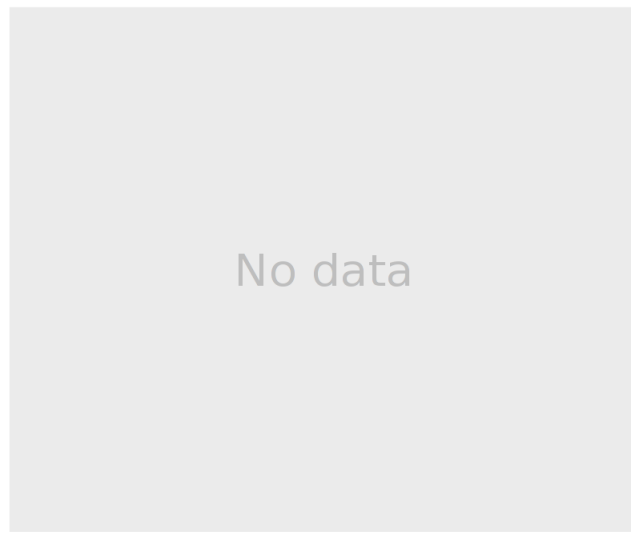
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.

### Under 5 by household income: wasting (%)



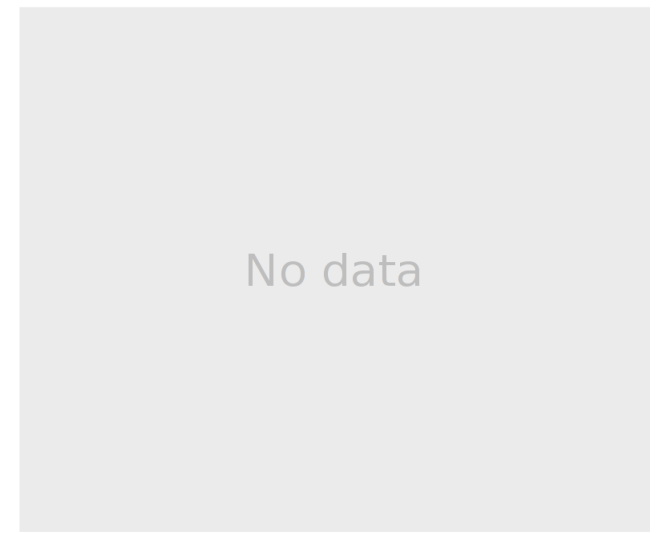
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA

### Under 5 by household income: stunting (%)



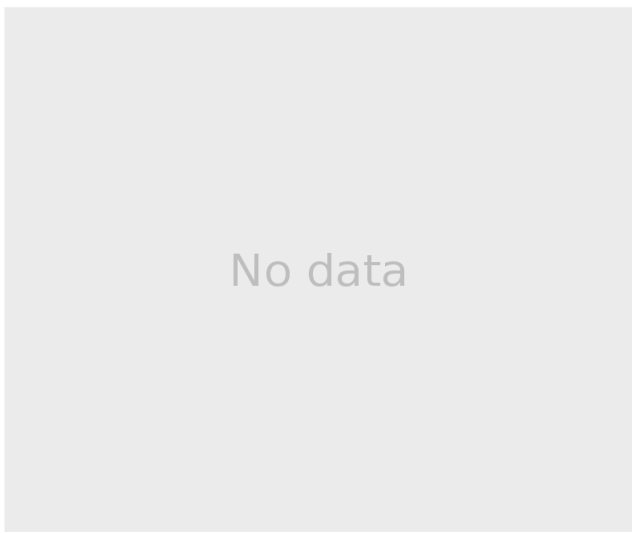
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA

### Under 5 by household income: overweight (%)



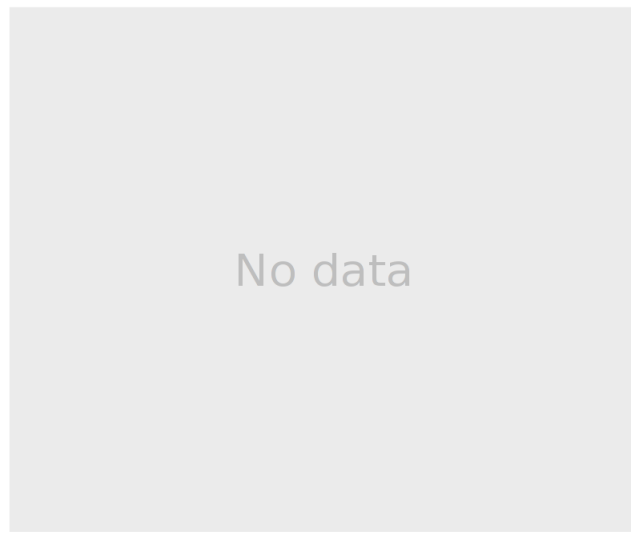
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA

### Under 5 by household location: wasting (%)



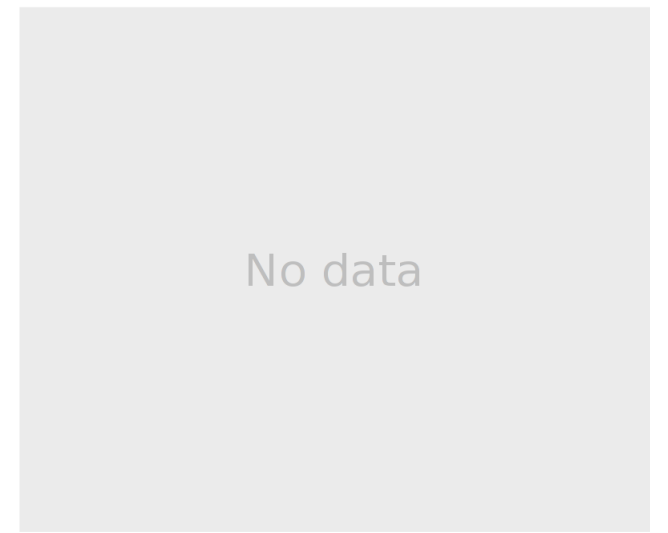
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA

### Under 5 by household location: stunting (%)



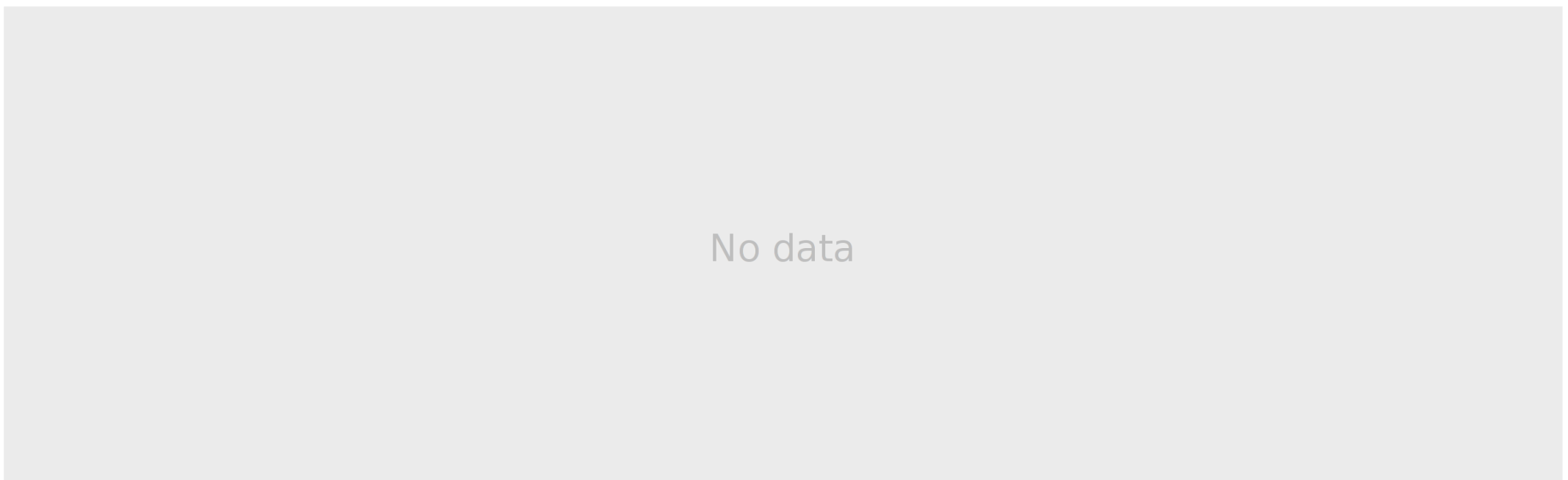
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA

### Under 5 by household location: overweight (%)



Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA

### Under-5 coexistence of wasting, stunting and overweight



Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Overlapping Stunting, Wasting and Overweight, New York, May 2018.  
Notes: Percentage of children under 5 years of age who experience different and overlapping forms of malnutrition. n = NA

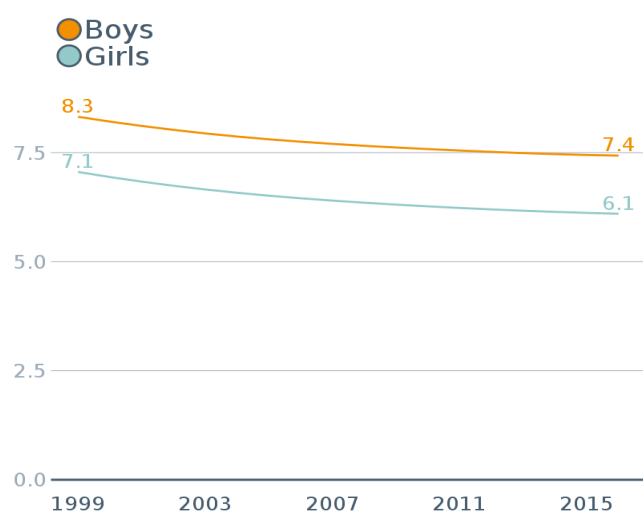
## Child feeding practices

No data

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2018. n = 0

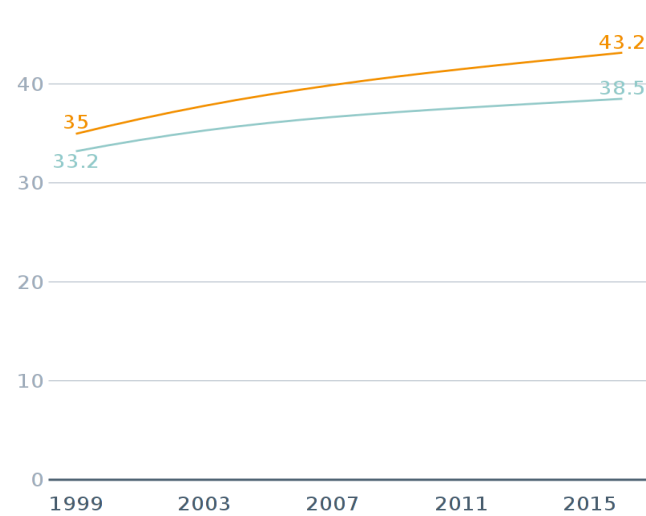
## Children and adolescent (aged 5–19) nutrition status

Ages 5–19 by gender: underweight (%)



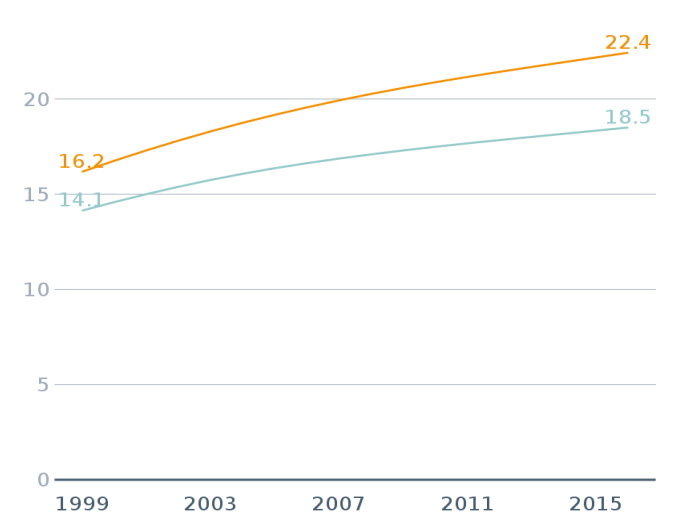
Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 2

Ages 5–19 by gender: overweight (%)



Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 2

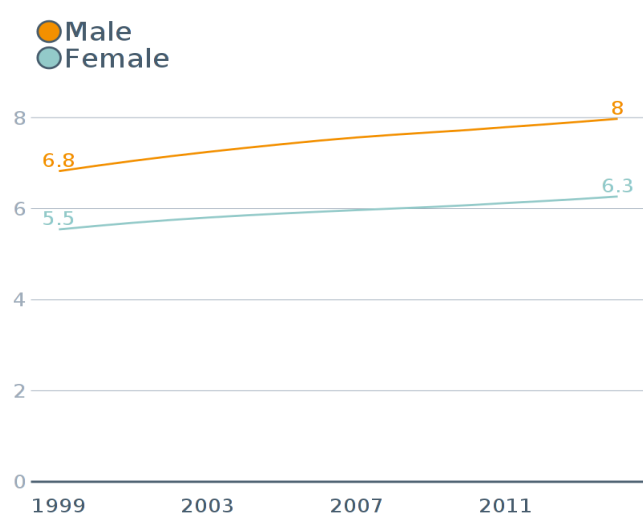
Ages 5–19 by gender: obesity (%)



Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 2

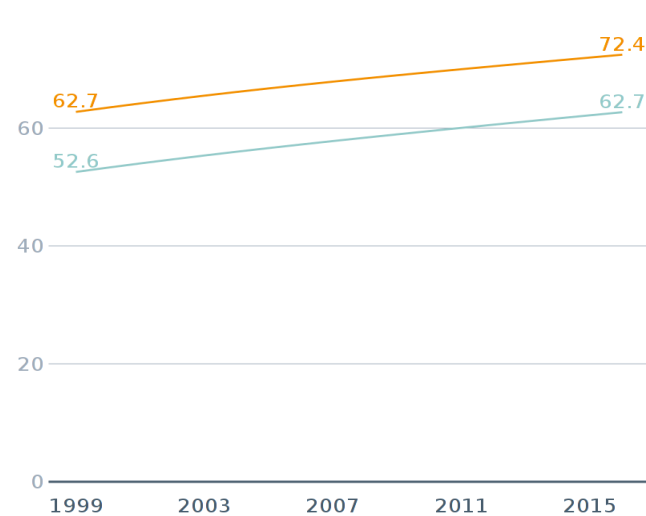
## Adult nutrition status

Adult by gender: diabetes (%)



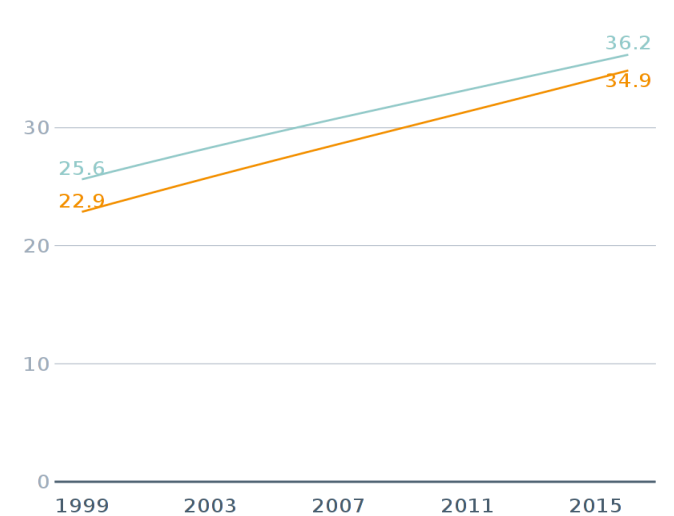
Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 2

Adult by gender: overweight (%)



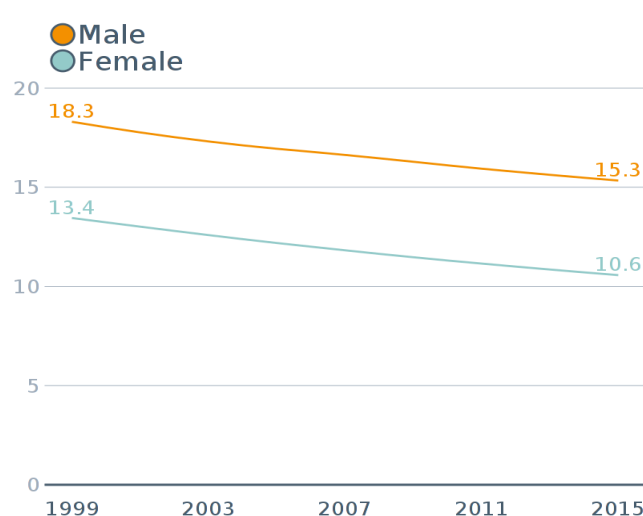
Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 2

Adult by gender: obesity (%)



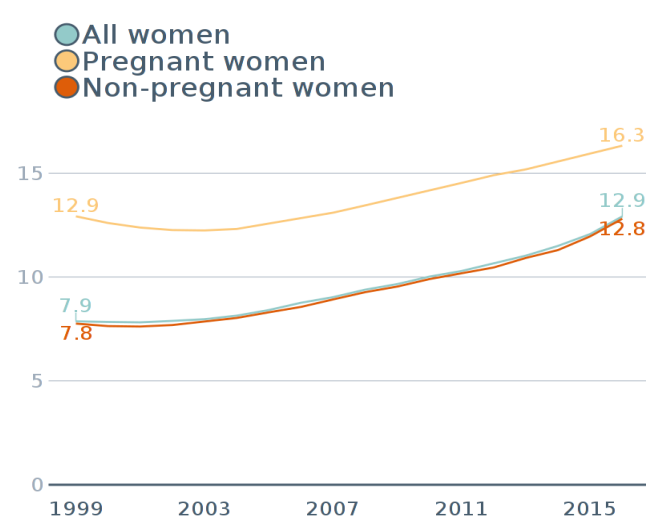
Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 2

Adult by gender: raised blood pressure (%)



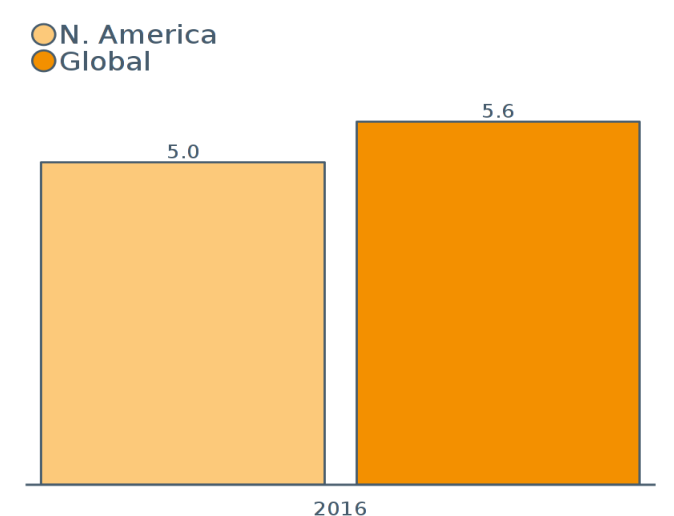
Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 2

Adult: anaemia in WRA (%)



Source: WHO Global Health Observatory.  
Note: WRA = women of reproductive age. n = 2

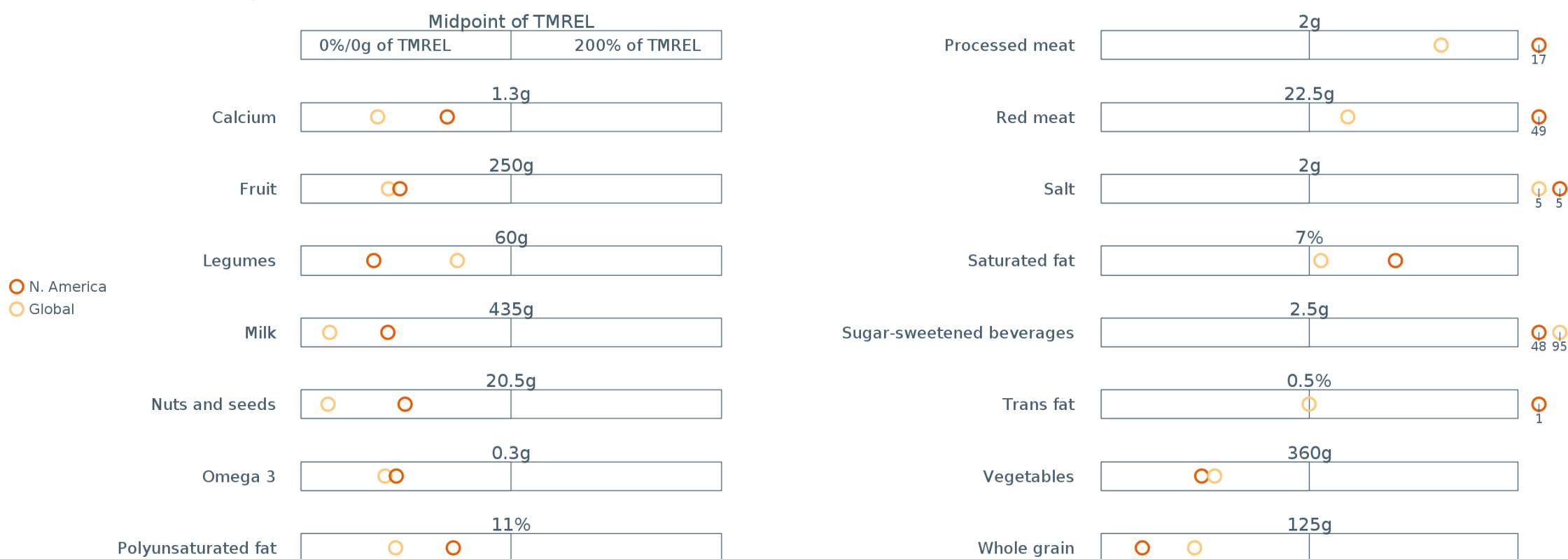
Adult: sodium intake (grams per day)



Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. n = 2

## Dietary needs

### Consumption of food groups and components, 2016

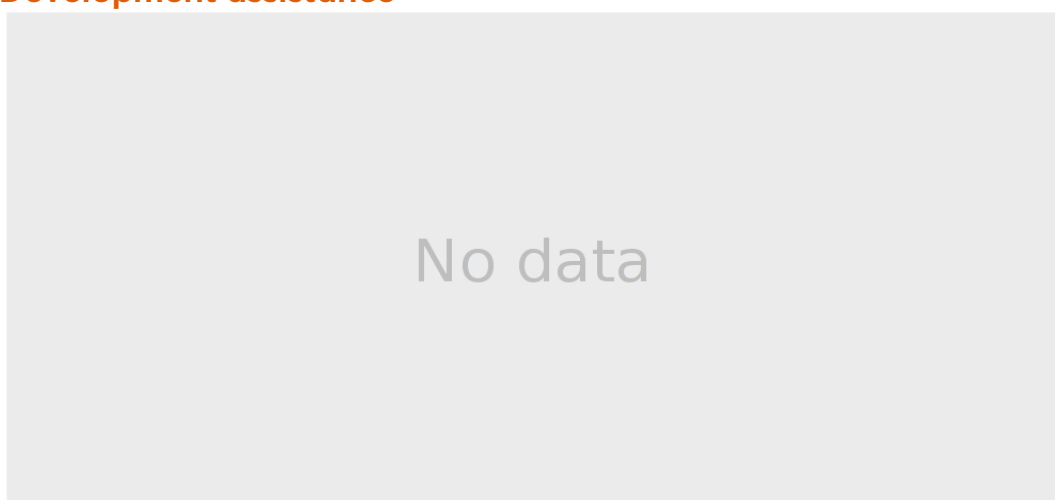


Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation.

Notes: Men and women aged 25 and older. TMREL = theoretical minimum risk exposure level. n = 2

## Financial resources and policy, legislation and institutional arrangements

### Development assistance



Sources: Development Initiatives based on OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

Notes: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA per capita, constant 2016 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

### National policies

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation  | 1/2 |
| Sugar-sweetened beverage tax               | 0/2 |
| Food-based dietary guidelines              | 2/2 |
| Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan | 0/2 |

Sources: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

### Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

| Stunting | Anaemia | Low birth weight | Child overweight | Exclusive breastfeeding | Wasting | Salt intake | Overweight adults and adolescents |
|----------|---------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0/2      | 1/2     | 1/2              | 2/2              | 2/2                     | 0/2     | 2/2         | 2/2                               |

Sources: WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.